

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME
Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering
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CE 60130 Finite Elements in Engineering
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March 8th, 2018
Due: March 22th, 2018

Homework Set #5

Consider the following ordinary differential equation (ODE) of $u(x)$:

$$D \frac{d^2 u}{dx^2} + \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{u}{6} = -3, \quad x \in [0, 10]$$

with boundary conditions

$$u|_{x=0} = 5 \quad \text{and} \quad \left[D \frac{du}{dx} + u \right]_{x=10} = -7.0705084$$

Its analytical solution is given by:

$$u(x) = -18e^{-10x} (2.08781e^{0.169541x} - 3.36559e^{9.83046x} + e^{10x}) \quad \text{when } D = 0.1$$

$$u(x) = -18e^{-x} (5.09738e^{0.211325x} - 6.37516e^{0.788675x} + e^x) \quad \text{when } D = 1$$

Develop the symmetrical weak weighted residual form of the Galerkin method to solve this ODE on the domain $0 \leq x \leq 10$ using the finite element method with C_0 Lagrange basis functions.

QUESTION 1: Assume that your approximate solution is designated as \hat{u} .

- a) Formulate the interior domain error.
- b) Formulate the natural boundary error.
- c) Formulate the fundamental weak weighed residual form using integration by parts to determine the symmetrical weak form of the Galerkin method, where $w_j(x) = \phi_j(x)$. The combined interior error and the natural boundary error must go to zero, that is:

$$\langle \epsilon_I, w_j \rangle_\omega + \langle \epsilon_{B,N}, w_j \rangle_{B,N} = 0 \quad j = 1, \dots, N.$$

- d) Using either index or vector notation, develop the elemental matrices and elemental right hand side vector for any order Lagrange C_0 interpolation.
- e) For a generic linear element of length Δx_j , develop through analytical integration the elemental matrices and right hand side load vector.
- f) Consider the grid in Figure 1. Load the elemental matrices and vector into a global system.
- g) Implement the essential boundary condition.

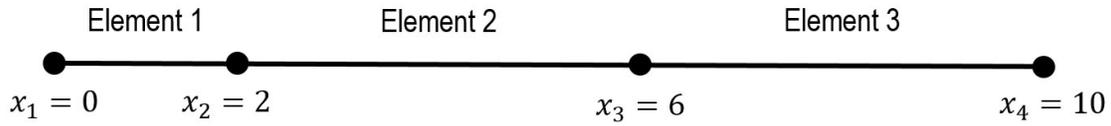


FIGURE 1. Figure for question 1. f)

- h) *Solve the 4×4 system for $D = 0.1$ and $D = 1$ and plot both your solution and the analytical solution*

QUESTION 2

- a) *Now consider N equally spaced elements of length $10/N$ and create a code to solve a $(N + 1)$ by $(N + 1)$ system following the steps that you used in the previous question. Plot your solution for $D = 0.1$ with $N = 5$, $N = 25$, $N = 75$, and $N = 150$ along with the analytical solution.*
- b) *Repeat a), but now consider $D = 1$.*
- c) *For both $N = 5$ and $N = 150$, comment on the difference of using $D = 0.1$ and $D = 1$, and relate it to the structure of the matrix.*